

GAZETTE
AND
Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
ROYAL-STREET.

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WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1819.

From the National Intelligencer.
OF THE NORTH OF EUROPE.

Interesting extract from a letter addressed by a gentleman on board of the United States frigate Guerriere, then in the North of Europe, to his friend, a member of Congress.

Cronstadt, Oct. 1, 1818.

After a visit of ten days, I very reluctantly took leave of Petersburg. The appearance of this city, I have already told you, is magnificent beyond any I expect to see again. That it should wear so imposing an aspect will appear less extraordinary, when it is considered that no house is erected till the plan of it is submitted to the examination of the emperor's council, who have power to make any alteration in position and style that are calculated to render it an ornament to the city. Hence, instead of an assemblage of various and incongruous tastes, as is seen in other cities, you are here presented with the symmetry and uniform majesty of style that flows from the judicious taste of two or three skilful individuals, selected by a monarch who possesses the means and inclination to make it the rival city of the world. As an instance of his power and pride exercised upon it, I may mention, that, preparatory to the reception of the King of Prussia, in a late visit, he directed every house to be painted anew. Unfortunately for us, the Emperor left this place for the European Congress a week previous to our arrival. The Empress and Empress dowager being also absent, with many dignitaries of state, left the city quite destitute of its usual displays of military parade, and other imperial appendages; and it was only a week previous to his departure that the Emperor reviewed 40,000 of his best troops, in the presence of the King of Prussia—a circumstance which made us still more regret our late arrival. The Emperor is very popular, and no doubt has the welfare of his subjects much at heart; as is evinced by the rapid strides of Russian freedom towards civilization and happiness. Most of the Russians, however, still wear a very degraded aspect, and seem destitute of education and moral integrity. I apply this to the slaves, who compose two thirds of the population. And slaves they are in a threefold degree. To their religion, or system of priest-craft, most servilely, and yet so void of sentiment, that their mechanical devotions give them the appearance of mere automata: to their religion, in a more abject degree than the sabbath herds of our southern lords—and to their bestial appetites, they seem held in chains of adamant. The Emperor, therefore, has a wide field for the exercise of his philanthropy, and one on which he appears but just to have entered; and he may as well attempt to bleach the Ethiopian's skin, as to cure his subjects even of the single propensity to drunkenness.

This monarch seems to bend his ambition principally to the accomplishment of three objects. First to have the finest city in the world, as I have already mentioned. Secondly, to command the largest army, in which he is alike successful; for, according to Sir Robert Wilson, it was six hundred thousand strong a year since; and gentlemen of high respectability in Petersburg told me the calculation was too low for that time, and that additions since made gave him an army of 800,000 strong. Thirdly, to pass himself off to the world as being very religious, as one would suppose him from his ukase to the several bishops and priests, prohibiting their reading to their congregations certain ascriptions of praise to him, as directed by the archbishop alleging that they were due to a Higher Power alone. Now, all this would have done very well, had it not leaked out, that the whole business was a project, pre-concerted between him and the archbishop, before either the ascriptions or their prohibitions were heard of. The Emperor, however, is generally considered very correct in his moral character, and is attentive to the religious institutions of the empire, over which he has unlimited control.

One very amiable and prominent feature in his ecclesiastical government is religious toleration. You will see, in the same street, perhaps half a dozen churches for different denominations, the followers of which are as much respected as those of the Greek church. His mother, the wife of Emperor Paul, in very much esteemed for her private character, and particularly for deeds of charity. The present Empress is exceedingly beloved, and pronounced a most perfect model for a female character. They have several small children, said to be very promising. The Emperor's brother, the Grand Duke Constantine, differs from him very much in many points of his character, and is said to inherit much of the temper and disposition of his grandmother, Catherine II. I am, however, tiring your patience with particulars you are already acquainted with. Should you ask me what authors have been most faithful in their descriptions of Russia, and of Petersburg, I should speak in favor of Sir Robert Wilson's Sketches, Ker Porter's Travels in Russia, and Stork's Picture of St. Petersburg. Clark wrote when in an ill humor, as he has since confessed. He and the author of "Secret Memoirs of the Court of St. Petersburg," are about as much entitled to credit, as Ahas in his description of America. Carr's Northern Summer, and Johnston's Tour, are worth reading.

We are waiting for a fair wind to proceed to the Mediterranean—and as we shall probably stop at England, this letter with a former one, will be sent from there to Washington.

From the Philadelphia Union.

Mr. Benson. During a late visit at Mount Vernon, I found in the black leaf of a book, the following compliment from Lord Eddison to Gen. Washington. The book was entitled, "A View of the Causes and Consequences of the Present War with France, by the Hon. Thomas Erskine."

"To GENERAL WASHINGTON. 'Sir, I have taken the liberty to introduce your august and immortal name, in a short sentence, which is to be found in the book I send to you.'

"I have a large acquaintance amongst the most valuable and exalted classes of men; but you are the only human being for whom I have ever felt an awful reverence."

"I sincerely pray God to grant a long and serene evening, to a life so gloriously devoted to the universal happiness of the world."
T. ERSKINE.
London, March 15, 1797."

Extracts from French papers, received at the Office of the Commercial Advertiser.

By a letter from Ceuta, it appears that two Spaniards had been executed at that place, who were taken in a privateer, said to be fitted out in America. Two Americans were taken at the same time, who were not brought to trial.

Inquisition.—The following document we copy from a Paris paper of December 16. The editor introduces it with a column of remarks, closing with the following sentence. "It is a melancholy thing, while every other government in Europe is setting its people an example of enlightened liberality, to see the jurisprudence of Spain relapsing into worse than primeval barbarism—to behold a fine people, yielding to none in qualities both personal and mental, crushed both in mind and body beneath the racks, and wheels, and scourges, of a grand Inquisitor!—Alas! poor human nature!"

The following decree has been issued under the authority of the grand Inquisitor, who is also private confessor to Ferdinand VII.—

"In the name of the Holy Trinity, &c. 'Whereas it has been made known to us that various publications of a heretical, irreligious, and seditious tendency are in circulation amongst the subjects of this kingdom; and whereas it is of the last importance that their progress should be arrested, and the authors, publishers and circulators duly punished, it has been determined that such measures shall be taken instantly as will most effectually accomplish this purpose.

"All persons having in their possession works bearing the following titles, shall be brought before the Holy Office, within the punishment inflicted as they may require, provided it be not less than three months imprisonment under the seal of the holy office for three months, payment of a fine of not less than 1000 reals. The works prohibited are:—Reasons of the Inquisition, &c. Reasoning should be abolished. Remarks upon the re-establishment of the brotherhood of the order of Jesus.—The theory of the Cortes.—The necessity of national representation.—Observations on the conduct of several of the courts of Europe.—Patriotic songs.—The difficulties at present to be encountered."

The greater number of these heretical and seditious productions have been printed in foreign countries, in the Spanish language, and secretly introduced into this kingdom.

A proportionate punishment will be inflicted upon such individuals as have in their custody any foreign journals, newspapers, etc. containing matter against the government and institutions of Spain.

Given from Madrid, this 19th Nov. 1818.

(Signed)
FRANCISCO XAVIER NEIR Y CAMPILLO,
Grand Inquisitor of the Kingdom,
ANDRES FLORES PEREIRA, Sec.

From Sedan we learn the following anecdote.—As the Emperor of Russia was travelling some time since from Paris to that town, in a very plain travelling carriage, he perceived a little peasant boy get up behind it; after some time his Majesty said to

him—'My boy, why do you get up behind my carriage?' to which the little fellow replied—'because, Sir, I want to get to Sedan as quick as possible.'—'And what do you want to do at Sedan, my boy?'—'To see the Emperor Alexander, Sir.'—'Indeed! and pray what makes you so desirous of seeing the Emperor?'—'Because, Sir, I hear that he is a very good man, and loves the French.'—'Well, my little fellow, you see him before you.' The poor boy, quite confused, got off the back of the carriage, and burst into tears.—The Emperor, however, re-assuring him, made him retake his place, saying they should travel together. By the time that they had reached Sedan, the Emperor became so taken with his little companion, that he asked him if he would go to Russia with him, to which the latter replied 'most willingly'; then (said the benevolent Alexander,) 'as Providence has placed you in my hands, your future fortunes shall be my care.' Accordingly the fortunate young rustic left Sedan as one of the Imperial Suite.

There is a tree, of the silver kind, now growing at Hutton John, the property of A. Huddleston, esq. which is eighty feet in height, the first 60 feet from the ground containing 250 cubic feet: the trunk, exclusive of branches, contains upwards of 300 feet of timber. The first branch, which is 97 feet from the base, contains 19 cubic feet. The tree is perfectly perpendicular, and has stood upwards of a century.

[Carlisle paper.]

The editors of the Baltimore Telegraph have, by the politeness of a friend, received from South America a file of the Censor from the 22d August to the 17th October, 1818 inclusive. They contain nothing of an interesting character, being filled with translated debates of our Congress upon South American affairs, and the entire speeches of Messrs. Clay, Tucker, Floyd, and others, succeeded by a brief essay, accusing the Americans of equivocation, illiberality and falsehood. They impute all errors of fact or judgment to the designed perversions of malice and jealousy.—They in short contain little or nothing worth translation. The editors have also the first number of the "Abogado Lacionel" (National Advocate) filled with loud and no doubt vented praises of their administration.

The only items of any interest are, that Letters of the 18th of August received at Buenos Ayres from SALTA, announces the discovery of a very rich Silver Mine, 7 leagues from that place, and that, "A rumour circulates among our most respectable men, that a citizen of character has seen a printed proclamation from Brazil of the President of the Republic of Venezuela, by which it appears that patriotic Englishmen arriving there at different periods, to fight in the glorious cause of the republic have formed themselves into four regiments of 1500 each, which compose the Republican army, and which in a series of engagements has beaten General Morillo—who has retired to a small fortress, with hopes of Capitulation.

The President presents his warmest and well merited thanks to the English heroes whose courage & firmness have proved the support of the State. He assures them of the gratitude of his country, and numbers them among the sons of the republic, securing them after so many conflicts and dangers the full enjoyment of civil and religious rights, or a perfect civil and religious freedom."

Letters of the 9th October confirm the account that Calahuano is evacuated.

RECEIVED TRANSACTION.

The following is a literal copy of an anonymous enclosure to a respectable West-India house in New-York, received by the house from Porto Rico, dated

Mayaguez, Porto Rico, 1st Feb.

American brig Agnora, F. E. Master, of Kennebunk, bound from St. Domingo to St. Thomas, laden with mahogany, was in the month of November last cast away near Cabroxo, in the island of Porto Rico; the cargo, however, by the exertions of the captain was nearly all saved and conveyed to Cabroxo, at which place captain Dennett, after he had settled his affairs, embarked on board a sloop which he had hired, belonging to that place, manned with three Spaniards, on or about the 18th January, for the city of St. Domingo; but the second day after the sailing of the sloop she returned to port, when the sailors reported that captain Dennett had fallen overboard in a gale of wind, and was lost. Since then, about three days ago, it has been proved on evidence of one of the sailors, that the said captain Dennett, while on board, had been most inhumanly murdered by the captain and crew, who cut his throat, after which he was thrown into the sea.

This inhuman transaction, which loudly demands the condign punishment of the culprits, who have been taken into custody, took place in consequence of their supposing that captain Dennett carried money with him, when in fact it was known to those Americans with whom he had been

at Mayaguez, a short time before his departure, (for the purpose of shipping a small balance in his hands to those persons who owned his vessel, via Baltimore) that he had not more money with him than was sufficient to defray the expenses of his intended voyage, and was then going to St. Domingo for the express purpose of receiving the proceeds of a cargo which he had sold there previous to his taking on board his brig the cargo of mahogany for St. Thomas.

Baltimore, February 17.

Extract from the log-book of the scho. Commerce, mentioned yesterday.

Jan. 14, lat. 27 50, N. lon 87, 53, W. at 9 P. M. we made a sail two points on the lee bow, 10 do. she proved to be a ship steering N. N. W. the wind being N. by W. supposed she would go to leeward of us, being then under our lee, therefore we still kept our wind, when finding she gained to windward of us, and close on board, it being impossible to clear her, we immediately put our helm up—at the same time she up helm, and to all appearance, was determined to run us on board which she did, and sprung our bowsprit badly, swept all the stanchions, rails and anchor stow, cat head from the larboard bow, also, flying jib stay, gibs, &c; she then fell alongside, giving us a tremendous heavy blow, fore and aft, and then fell off; she bore up, and came on board, and informed us that the ship was the Prompt, of Montreal, John Wilson, Master, owned by Robert Hunter, Esq. of and from Grenock, for N. Orleans; the boat's crew stated that they thought us to be a privateer, and that they had called all hands, with the passengers, and were determined to run us down—they also stated that they had to volunteer for men to go in the boat to board us after she had fell off—she lay by us about two hours, when finding she made no water, filled away on her course again.

[Merchant's Coffee-House Books.]

ALEXANDRIA:

WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 24, 1819.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT AT WASHINGTON

Tuesday, February 23.

The house of representatives, yesterday, by way of redeeming the loss occasioned to the public by the speechifiers indulging themselves in dull and useless repetitions of the arguments of others, came to a resolution to dispense with the usual call for petitions. Thus, aggrieved individuals are condemned to fall back unrequited, with their petitions in their pockets, for another year—and for what?—Why, that A, or B, or C, or any other of the green lawyers, whom greener constituents have, by a kind of constitutional alchemy, transmuted into legislators, may shew their regard for clients that they can speak—can speak!!

"My parrot in one day shall learn to speak by rote, And in three weeks my dog shall howl by note."

The public must surely, one time or other, look to this and apply a remedy. A committee was lately appointed to select such parts of the enormous mass of business that ought to have been despatched this session, instead of spouting, but was not, as is most necessary to be acted upon, in order that the residue may lie over to the next session—or the next—or the next. A report was yesterday made to the house upon the subject, from which it appears that the uniform bankrupt law, on the passing of which, the interests—nay, the food perhaps of thousands of families depends, is to be starved off to another year. When oratory is converted into mischievous farce, who that has pride would be a haranguer? When the representatives from the new states are added, how shall we get on. The whole year will not suffice for the infinite speechification. And in that case, the bill they set upon should be called, not capital, but Babel-hill.

The newspapers could do more than all other things, to stop this abuse, by neither reporting any of their long, leaden, unmeaning, farfetched, nor even publishing them when written out (whether truly or not) by the orator without making the party pay for it as an advertisement. In fact, three-fourths of them are to answer the purposes of advertisements.

The Bank of the U. States was the subject yesterday and will to-day and tomorrow—and one able man on each side could, if necessary, compress the whole that is required to be said into one days debate.

Yel yesterday was an important day, and will mark a great era in the history of the United States. A treaty, it is known was yesterday before the senate, who sat with closed doors, ceding to this country the Floridas, and from the Gulf of Mexico, along the Sabine, to the Louisiana line—thence to Red River—thence along the 100th degree of west longitude to the Arkansas river—thence to the source of it—thence to the 41st degree of north latitude—and thence along the line to the Multnomah river—and along that river to the 62nd degree of latitude—and thence to the Pacific ocean.—Wherefore, I rejoice,

even though my ears are ringing with the clash of the speechifiers.

Washington, Feb. 23.

It is said, and we have no doubt correctly, that the President of the U. States yesterday laid before the senate a TREATY, recently concluded between Mr. Secretary Adams, on the part of the UNITED STATES, and Don Luis De Osis, on the part of Spain, FOR A CESSION OF FLORIDA to the U. States, and a provision for the payment, in consideration thereof, of a sum of money to our merchants having claims on the Spanish government for spoils taken on their property; including also a settlement of the western boundary line between the U. States and Spain. This highly important treaty so long wished, so long expected, if ratified, will impose on Congress the necessity of organizing a government for that territory before adjournment and will add thus much to the mass of important business already before them.

Norfolk, Feb. 18.

NEGRO MAN MINGO.

This famous runaway and robber, it will be recollected, was not long since captured by the militia of Princess Ann, and committed to jail.—He was subsequently tried and condemned to be hung, THIS DAY—a petition however, was sent up to the Executive to change his punishment to transportation, which was granted; and a person was dispatched from Richmond with a commission to remove the prisoner to the Penitentiary previous to his final transportation. This lenient proceeding created much exasperation among a number of the inhabitants of Princess Ann, and a counter-petition, we understand, was sent up to the Governor, praying that the negro might be hanged. Last night Mr. James W. Lord, the person charged with conveying the prisoner to Richmond was proceeding with him from Kempville, he was waylaid about two miles from that place by some unknown person who discharged a musket at the prisoner and shot him through the head with a ball, and wounded the guard who received two bullet shots in the hip. Mingo survived only a few minutes, but Mr. Lord's wound is but slight.

RARE OCCURRENCE.

The Providence American of Friday last, speaking of the mildness of the season, observes, "Some time last week, a large black snake was killed in this vicinity, having so far recovered from its torpor as to crawl from its winter establishment, to repose in the beams of the edifying sun."

Died.

On Christmas day last, at the residence of George Chapman, esq. at Pomunky, in Charles county, Md. OLD DAVY, an African negro, supposed to have lived upwards of 120 years. He was purchased by Nathaniel Chapman some time early in the 18th century. The latter person died about the year 1763, and Davy was then considered to be middle aged. He was remarkable always for his good health, was seldom sick, and free from pain, until some years previous to his death, and then only such as was incident to old age. His intellects remained perfect to the day of his death. His longevity was the wonder of his neighbors, and he became much noticed in consequence thereof. He was emancipated many years before his death, and maintained by his master; but he was equally as industrious after his liberation, as he was before, and tended crops, the profits of which he bestowed on his children until a few years before his death.

Notice.

The voters in the 2nd ward are requested to meet at the tavern of Thomas Shields, on Wednesday evening, at early candle light, to select representatives to council for the ensuing year. Feb 22

Exchange Coffee-House
MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, Feb. 23.

No arrival.

CLEARED.

Schr. Luminary, Baker, Georgetown.

Ship Thomas, Kelly, hence, for Gibraltar, at anchor below the Horse Shot, 18th instant.

Schr George Washington, Jackson, hence, arrived at Norfolk, 19th inst. 4 days.

Schr Midas, Bears, at Boston 19th inst. up for this port.

For Norfolk & Richmond.

The Schr. MARY & ELIZA, will sail for the above ports on Sunday next.—For freight apply to Wm. Ramsey, or the Captain on board at Ramsey's wharf.

JOHN BROHAWN.

February 24

For Freight.

The substantial, well built and fast sailing ship NEW JERSEY, burthen, 400 tons or 4300 barrels, now in complete order for the reception of a cargo.

Apply to T. H. HOWLAND,

Feb no. 6

tuthtm

For Freight.
The new and fast sailing brig LARSEN, burthen 225 tons or about 2000 bbls. she is a superior copper fast vessel, and daily expected from Eastern port.

Also,
The schooner LAUREL, Thos. C. Stephens, master. She is a new vessel, of 100 tons burthen, for which a freight for Oporto or Lisbon would be preferred. She will probably be here in a few days. Apply to JOHN H. LADD & CO.

February 24

John T. O. Wilbur.

Hatter and Furrier, Fairfax-street. RETURNS his sincere thanks to the inhabitants of Alexandria and vicinity, for the liberal encouragement he has met with from them. Since his commencement in business, he begs leave to inform them he has now on hand an elegant assortment of

Coarse and Fine Hats, which he will sell very low. He particularly solicits the patronage of the inhabitants at this time, to enable him to bear under the pressure of the times, and more cruel pressure of recent treatment.

February 24

Found.

ON the night of the fire in this place, a keg of powder, in the New Marl House. The owner can get it by calling at this office, and paying the expense of advertisement.

Feb 24

Orphans' Court

Prince George's county, Feb. 9, 1819. ORDERED that John Barnes, John S. Thorton, and Henry Gardiner, executors of Samuel Bond, deceased, give notice required by law to the deceased creditors to exhibit their claims, and that the same be published once a week for succeeding weeks in the Alexandria Gazette and Daily Advertiser.

Test. TRUEMAN TYLER, Reg.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE.

That the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans Court of Prince Georges County in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Samuel Bond Esq. late Prince Georges County deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at, or before the 24th day of August next—they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands, this 21st day

February, 1819.

JOHN SOTHORON, } Executors

JOHN BARNES, }

HENRY GARDINER, }

February 24

Notice.

THE subscriber, desirous of making some arrangement with his creditors, which he may be enabled to resume business in this place, requests a meeting at Mr. Brown's Tavern, in the town of Alexandria, on the 10th day of March, at which time and place he will receive a statement of his affairs.

JAMES ANDERSON

February 24

wfm10M

Ladies' and Gentlemen's B

and Shoe Manufactory.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the inhabitants of Alexandria and vicinity, that he has re-commenced the business, opposite the Mechanics' Building, and intends keeping on hand a handsome assortment of ladies' and gentlemen's boots and shoes of all descriptions, as can be had in town, and of quality, as he is determined none shall excel him in the District for fashion, durability and neatness, and hopes by his strict attention, to merit a share of public patronage.

Two apprentices wanted to the business; boys from the country preferred. JAMES C. WHITE

February 24

Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN of sober and steady habits, to superintend a fishery, need apply but one who is well acquainted with seine hauling, and can recommend. Enquire of the Printer.

February 24

Five Dollars Reward

AN AWAY from the subscriber, a MUEL LOGAN, an apprentice the Loaf Bread Baking Business, give the above reward if taken in Virginia or Georgetown, and brought two dollars if taken in Alexandria; persons are forwarded from harbor employing him, as they will be according to law. J. M. DONA

February 24

Alexandria Theatre

In preparation the last new Com

THE GREEN MAN

Translated from the French of M. A. Prusol, by Richard Jones, Theatre Royal, Covent Garden, and a new play with the above title, at the above theatres, and at the Philadelphia.

The Green Man. Mr. Callaghan's other entertainments, parties which will appear in future advertisements.

Doors to be opened at 6 o'clock. Performance to commence at 7 o'clock.

February 24

Private Tuition.

THE subscriber has procured a gentleman—a graduate of Y. Jerns—to conduct a private school, and would be willing to receive four boarders for the next year. The structure is eminently qualified to the different branches both of a and mathematical education.

THOMAS T

Fauquier county, Vir. Nov 20

HOUSES, LANDS &c.

Building Lots or Sale.

SUNDY good lots upon Cameron, Pitt and Queen streets, on liberal credit, at reasonable prices to purchasers who would build thereon. For terms enquire of MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.

October 13

For Sale or Rent.

THAT valuable property called CONWAYS WHARF, with the Warehouses thereon fronting on Union-street. The warehouses will be rented separately if required. For terms apply to WM. HERBERT, Jr.

August 25

To Let.

THAT convenient brick house on Royal street, now occupied by Mr. Charles Tyler—possession to be had the 22nd of December next—for terms enquire of MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.

November 3

To Rent.

A convenient BRICK Dwelling house, at the upper end of King-street, suitable for a genteel family. Also two frame dwellings and shops. Apply to JAMES SANDERSON.

November 12

Houses for Sale.

The premises on the South east corner of King and Henry streets, containing 2 good dwelling houses, with stores ready fitted up for business.

Also, the brick dwelling house and store near to the former, lately in possession of Dennis M. Lyles, Esq., for whose time therein, the 7th of Feb. next, it may be rented.

All the above property would be sold upon liberal credit, the payment being secured. Inquire of MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.

September 26

Gunston for Sale.

THIS elegant estate is situated on the Potomac, 16 miles below Alexandria—it is bounded on three sides by the Potomac and Pohick creeks, and contains nearly 3,000 acres of land, level and fertile, to which are attached six shad and herring fisheries, two of which command the river channel. This land will be laid off in four tracts, so as to have one or more fisheries to each; these tracts will be again divided if required. This estate is level and beautifully situated. Pleasant acts with an effect equal to that of any part of Virginia or Pennsylvania—I have used 300 bushels in twelve months, and such is its beneficial operation, that were I to keep this land I should considerably increase the quantity. A manufacturing mill is distant about two miles on a stream navigable for vessels carrying 1200 bushels of wheat, where the Potomac and Dist. of Columbia prices are given for grain; being bounded on 3 sides by water, a small extent only of fence is necessary to inclose the whole; it would be admirably adapted to grazing. The improvements are a large and very substantial brick mansion, 40 by 70 feet, with every necessary out-house, house, three commodious barns, houses for Negroes, and fish houses at each of the fisheries. 120,000 bricks and 1000 bushels of lime are just burnt on the premises. There is a considerable extent of live fence, both useful and ornamental, two orchards of well selected apples and peaches, besides an abundance of other choice fruit. More than 150 acres are in clover, 200 in corn, and land is in preparation for sowing 250 bushels of small grain. Any quantity of hay can be cut from the low grounds, some of which (and all might) have been reclaimed at a trifling expense. The river and creeks, abound with wild fowl, particularly canvas backs, the woods with deer and a variety of other game. Mules, cattle, highly improved sheep, farming utensils and household furniture can be had. The terms of sale will be accommodating. Property in any of the cities, negroes, bank stock, western lands, or lands near the Ridge, will be taken in payment. Letters must be addressed to me at Pohick Church, Fairfax county, Virginia.

September 4

GEORGE MASON.

Valuable Property for Sale.
THE subscriber is desirous of selling a handsomely situated farm, on Hunting creek, in Fairfax county Virginia, adjoining the Mount Vernon estate, and the lands of General Thomas Mason, four miles from Alexandria, containing about 240 acres, 80 of which are in wood—40 to 50 in thriving meadow of clover and timothy—a part of the residue recently seeded with wheat and rye, and clover, last spring—the whole enclosed with a new post and rail fence.—The improvements are, a comfortable and convenient frame dwelling house and kitchen, smoke house, poultry house, granary and stables.—There is on this place a rich and productive garden, and a large body of marsh meadow, from which may be saved annually 100 tons of hay, nearly as nutritious as the best timothy or clover.—With the farm would be sold a number of very valuable horses, cows and sheep; waggon, carts, and a variety of farming utensils and household and kitchen furniture; corn, oats and rye, and 40 tons hay. Also, adjoining the one above described, a farm containing 160 acres, recently enclosed, on which is a brick house, which a trifling expense would render comfortable. The soil is excellent, and a considerable part might be easily converted into meadow.—It would be sold with the other or separately. Also, a number of valuable servants, male and female. To prevent unnecessary application, he would observe, that they will only be sold to persons residing in the District or its vicinity, and not to be carried from it. The subscriber will also sell the greater part of his household furniture, which is new and handsome. For terms of all or any part of the above property, apply to NOBLET HERBERT, Esq. or FRANCIS ADAMS, Jr.

October 13

For Rent.

A very convenient dwelling house in the lower part of Royal-st. adjoining the house now occupied by Mr. Generals. Possession may be had immediately.

January 1

For Rent.

A convenient two story framed dwelling house, pleasantly situated, between Water and Gibson streets. Possession will be given immediately. For terms apply to ROBERT HUNTER.

January 2

Aromatic Snuff.
For Catarrh of the Nose.

THIS Snuff, as celebrated for its agreeable fragrance as for its efficacy in the cure of recent catarrh and slow nervous headache, is used and approved by the present professor of chemistry in the university of Cambridge, and by some of the most respectable gentlemen of the faculty in the United States.—It is also particularly recommended by Dr. Waterhouse, late professor of the theory and practice of physic, in the above seminary—whose certificate accompanies each bottle.—Sold by JAMES KENNEDY & SON, Sole Agents for Alexandria.

September 24

District of Columbia.

County of Alexandria, to wit: 1818.

IN CHANCERY.

Samuel Smith, Complainant,

Against

Leonard Mudd and John Cohagen, Defendants.

Teste, EDMUND I. LEE, C. C.

January 25

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Leonard Mudd and John Cohagen, Defendants.

Teste, EDMUND I. LEE, C. C.

January 25

District of Columbia.

County of Alexandria, to wit: 1818.

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